



DP03

## SELECTED ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS

2013-2017 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Technical Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Subject	Lexington city, North Carolina			
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin of Error
<b>EMPLOYMENT STATUS</b>				
Population 16 years and over	14,119	+/-427	14,119	(X)
In labor force	7,239	+/-511	51.3%	+/-3.4
Civilian labor force	7,239	+/-511	51.3%	+/-3.4
Employed	6,132	+/-513	43.4%	+/-3.5
Unemployed	1,107	+/-258	7.8%	+/-1.8
Armed Forces	0	+/-19	0.0%	+/-0.2
Not in labor force	6,880	+/-536	48.7%	+/-3.4
Civilian labor force	7,239	+/-511	7,239	(X)
Unemployment Rate	(X)	(X)	15.3%	+/-3.5
Females 16 years and over	7,284	+/-366	7,284	(X)
In labor force	3,388	+/-369	46.5%	+/-4.4
Civilian labor force	3,388	+/-369	46.5%	+/-4.4
Employed	2,836	+/-339	38.9%	+/-4.4
Own children of the householder under 6 years	1,531	+/-313	1,531	(X)
All parents in family in labor force	753	+/-245	49.2%	+/-12.6
Own children of the householder 6 to 17 years	3,191	+/-422	3,191	(X)
All parents in family in labor force	1,841	+/-451	57.7%	+/-10.4
<b>COMMUTING TO WORK</b>				
Workers 16 years and over	5,754	+/-514	5,754	(X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	4,360	+/-392	75.8%	+/-4.1
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	910	+/-235	15.8%	+/-3.6
Public transportation (excluding taxicab)	90	+/-76	1.6%	+/-1.3
Walked	240	+/-128	4.2%	+/-2.1
Other means	96	+/-69	1.7%	+/-1.2
Worked at home	58	+/-47	1.0%	+/-0.8
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	24.4	+/-3.4	(X)	(X)

Subject	Lexington city, North Carolina			
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin of Error
<b>OCCUPATION</b>				
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	6,132	+/-513	6,132	(X)
Management, business, science, and arts occupations	1,162	+/-230	18.9%	+/-3.3
Service occupations	1,527	+/-306	24.9%	+/-4.6
Sales and office occupations	1,114	+/-266	18.2%	+/-4.2
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	873	+/-252	14.2%	+/-3.8
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	1,456	+/-317	23.7%	+/-4.8
<b>INDUSTRY</b>				
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	6,132	+/-513	6,132	(X)
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	9	+/-14	0.1%	+/-0.2
Construction	719	+/-251	11.7%	+/-3.9
Manufacturing	1,229	+/-286	20.0%	+/-4.2
Wholesale trade	243	+/-120	4.0%	+/-2.0
Retail trade	489	+/-171	8.0%	+/-2.7
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	230	+/-96	3.8%	+/-1.6
Information	28	+/-30	0.5%	+/-0.5
Finance and insurance, and real estate and rental and leasing	235	+/-97	3.8%	+/-1.6
Professional, scientific, and management, and administrative and waste management services	543	+/-157	8.9%	+/-2.7
Educational services, and health care and social assistance	1,046	+/-238	17.1%	+/-3.5
Arts, entertainment, and recreation, and accommodation and food services	761	+/-196	12.4%	+/-3.0
Other services, except public administration	509	+/-205	8.3%	+/-3.3
Public administration	91	+/-60	1.5%	+/-1.0
<b>CLASS OF WORKER</b>				
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	6,132	+/-513	6,132	(X)
Private wage and salary workers	5,169	+/-477	84.3%	+/-3.1
Government workers	615	+/-180	10.0%	+/-2.7
Self-employed in own not incorporated business workers	335	+/-121	5.5%	+/-2.0
Unpaid family workers	13	+/-20	0.2%	+/-0.3
<b>INCOME AND BENEFITS (IN 2017 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)</b>				
Total households	7,074	+/-421	7,074	(X)
Less than \$10,000	1,044	+/-223	14.8%	+/-3.0
\$10,000 to \$14,999	903	+/-221	12.8%	+/-3.0
\$15,000 to \$24,999	1,244	+/-274	17.6%	+/-3.5
\$25,000 to \$34,999	983	+/-227	13.9%	+/-3.1
\$35,000 to \$49,999	1,029	+/-221	14.5%	+/-3.0
\$50,000 to \$74,999	932	+/-207	13.2%	+/-2.9
\$75,000 to \$99,999	454	+/-132	6.4%	+/-1.9
\$100,000 to \$149,999	385	+/-174	5.4%	+/-2.5
\$150,000 to \$199,999	51	+/-36	0.7%	+/-0.5
\$200,000 or more	49	+/-32	0.7%	+/-0.4
Median household income (dollars)	29,199	+/-5,147	(X)	(X)
Mean household income (dollars)	39,807	+/-3,418	(X)	(X)
<b>With earnings</b>				
Mean earnings (dollars)	4,714	+/-318	66.6%	+/-3.9
Mean earnings (dollars)	40,966	+/-3,830	(X)	(X)
<b>With Social Security</b>				
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	2,409	+/-322	34.1%	+/-3.6
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	17,340	+/-1,144	(X)	(X)
<b>With retirement income</b>				
Mean retirement income (dollars)	1,074	+/-186	15.2%	+/-2.4
Mean retirement income (dollars)	17,592	+/-5,751	(X)	(X)
<b>With Supplemental Security Income</b>				
Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars)	607	+/-191	8.6%	+/-2.6

Subject	Lexington city, North Carolina			
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin of Error
Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars)	8,391	+/-1,323	(X)	(X)
With cash public assistance income	275	+/-110	3.9%	+/-1.5
Mean cash public assistance income (dollars)	4,107	+/-1,296	(X)	(X)
With Food Stamp/SNAP benefits in the past 12 months	2,701	+/-324	38.2%	+/-4.8
Families	4,342	+/-245	4,342	(X)
Less than \$10,000	629	+/-206	14.5%	+/-4.6
\$10,000 to \$14,999	345	+/-150	7.9%	+/-3.4
\$15,000 to \$24,999	650	+/-193	15.0%	+/-4.2
\$25,000 to \$34,999	648	+/-179	14.9%	+/-4.1
\$35,000 to \$49,999	637	+/-130	14.7%	+/-3.1
\$50,000 to \$74,999	579	+/-169	13.3%	+/-3.9
\$75,000 to \$99,999	397	+/-125	9.1%	+/-2.9
\$100,000 to \$149,999	357	+/-174	8.2%	+/-4.0
\$150,000 to \$199,999	51	+/-36	1.2%	+/-0.8
\$200,000 or more	49	+/-32	1.1%	+/-0.7
Median family income (dollars)	34,047	+/-4,581	(X)	(X)
Mean family income (dollars)	47,214	+/-4,761	(X)	(X)
Per capita income (dollars)	15,579	+/-1,229	(X)	(X)
Nonfamily households	2,732	+/-395	2,732	(X)
Median nonfamily income (dollars)	20,310	+/-2,678	(X)	(X)
Mean nonfamily income (dollars)	25,999	+/-2,458	(X)	(X)
Median earnings for workers (dollars)	21,429	+/-1,754	(X)	(X)
Median earnings for male full-time, year-round workers (dollars)	31,129	+/-3,034	(X)	(X)
Median earnings for female full-time, year-round workers (dollars)	25,480	+/-4,267	(X)	(X)
<b>HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE</b>				
Civilian noninstitutionalized population	17,936	+/-287	17,936	(X)
With health insurance coverage	14,586	+/-537	81.3%	+/-2.4
With private health insurance	7,166	+/-793	40.0%	+/-4.1
With public coverage	9,280	+/-600	51.7%	+/-3.4
No health insurance coverage	3,350	+/-411	18.7%	+/-2.4
Civilian noninstitutionalized population under 19 years	5,356	+/-448	5,356	(X)
No health insurance coverage	122	+/-62	2.3%	+/-1.1
Civilian noninstitutionalized population 19 to 64 years	9,850	+/-431	9,850	(X)
In labor force:	6,730	+/-489	6,730	(X)
Employed:	5,660	+/-490	5,660	(X)
With health insurance coverage	4,079	+/-485	72.1%	+/-4.7
With private health insurance	3,574	+/-471	63.1%	+/-5.5
With public coverage	632	+/-214	11.2%	+/-3.6
No health insurance coverage	1,581	+/-274	27.9%	+/-4.7
Unemployed:	1,070	+/-253	1,070	(X)
With health insurance coverage	413	+/-158	38.6%	+/-10.1
With private health insurance	123	+/-92	11.5%	+/-8.5
With public coverage	290	+/-144	27.1%	+/-10.5
No health insurance coverage	657	+/-174	61.4%	+/-10.1
Not in labor force:	3,120	+/-402	3,120	(X)
With health insurance coverage	2,145	+/-337	68.8%	+/-6.3
With private health insurance	693	+/-169	22.2%	+/-5.2
With public coverage	1,629	+/-335	52.2%	+/-7.1
No health insurance coverage	975	+/-236	31.3%	+/-6.3

Subject	Lexington city, North Carolina			
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin of Error
PERCENTAGE OF FAMILIES AND PEOPLE WHOSE INCOME IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS IS BELOW THE POVERTY LEVEL				
All families	(X)	(X)	28.4%	+/-6.2
With related children of the householder under 18 years	(X)	(X)	39.6%	+/-8.7
With related children of the householder under 5 years only	(X)	(X)	40.5%	+/-19.0
Married couple families	(X)	(X)	13.0%	+/-5.3
With related children of the householder under 18 years	(X)	(X)	15.6%	+/-9.2
With related children of the householder under 5 years only	(X)	(X)	20.9%	+/-20.9
Families with female householder, no husband present	(X)	(X)	52.4%	+/-11.1
With related children of the householder under 18 years	(X)	(X)	67.5%	+/-12.6
With related children of the householder under 5 years only	(X)	(X)	41.8%	+/-34.7
All people	(X)	(X)	31.0%	+/-4.9
Under 18 years	(X)	(X)	39.4%	+/-9.5
Related children of the householder under 18 years	(X)	(X)	39.3%	+/-9.5
Related children of the householder under 5 years	(X)	(X)	46.0%	+/-15.3
Related children of the householder 5 to 17 years	(X)	(X)	36.9%	+/-9.4
18 years and over	(X)	(X)	27.8%	+/-4.0
18 to 64 years	(X)	(X)	31.7%	+/-4.8
65 years and over	(X)	(X)	13.4%	+/-4.3
People in families	(X)	(X)	28.0%	+/-5.8
Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	(X)	(X)	41.6%	+/-5.6

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Employment and unemployment estimates may vary from the official labor force data released by the Bureau of Labor Statistics because of differences in survey design and data collection. For guidance on differences in employment and unemployment estimates from different sources go to Labor Force Guidance.

Workers include members of the Armed Forces and civilians who were at work last week.

Industry codes are 4-digit codes and are based on the North American Industry Classification System 2012. The Industry categories adhere to the guidelines issued in Clarification Memorandum No. 2, "NAICS Alternate Aggregation Structure for Use By U.S. Statistical Agencies," issued by the Office of Management and Budget.

Occupation codes are 4-digit codes and are based on Standard Occupational Classification 2010.

Logical coverage edits applying a rules-based assignment of Medicaid, Medicare and military health coverage were added as of 2009 -- please see [https://www.census.gov/library/working-papers/2010/demo/coverage\\_edits\\_final.html](https://www.census.gov/library/working-papers/2010/demo/coverage_edits_final.html) for more details. The 2008 data table in American FactFinder does not incorporate these edits. Therefore, the estimates that appear in these tables are not comparable to the estimates in the 2009 and later tables. Select geographies of 2008 data comparable to the 2009 and later tables are available at <https://www.census.gov/data/tables/time-series/acs/1-year-re-run-health-insurance.html>. The health insurance coverage category names were modified in 2010. See [https://www.census.gov/topics/health/health-insurance/about/glossary.html#par\\_textimage\\_18](https://www.census.gov/topics/health/health-insurance/about/glossary.html#par_textimage_18) for a list of the insurance type definitions.

Beginning in 2017, selected variable categories were updated, including age-categories, income-to-poverty ratio (IPR) categories, and the age universe for certain employment and education variables. See user note entitled "Health Insurance Table Updates" for further details.

While the 2013-2017 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the February 2013 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2013-2017 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

#### Explanation of Symbols:

1. An '\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
3. An '-l' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
4. An '+u' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An '\*\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
6. An '\*\*\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.